

# Analysis for caregiver burden of stoma care using the Zarit Burden Interview method

Miyuki Kawashima<sup>1</sup>, Sonoko Sugihara<sup>1</sup>, Chiyoko Sakuma<sup>1</sup>, Terumi Aoshiba<sup>2,4</sup>, Kiyomi Taniyama<sup>3</sup>, Takashi Sugita<sup>4</sup>, Wataru Kamiike<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Genalal Surgery 6A Ward, <sup>2</sup>Nursing Unit, <sup>3</sup>Institute for Clinical Research, <sup>4</sup>Vice President, and <sup>5</sup>President, National Hospital Organization Kure Medical Center and Chugoku Cancer Center, Kure, Japan



# Objective

Ostomy is usually managed by a patient with help of his/her family as caregivers. A caregiver has varying levels of caregiverburden to sustain the patients. In the present study, the caregiverburden of caregiver was assessed to clarify how it occurred.

#### Types of stoma equipment



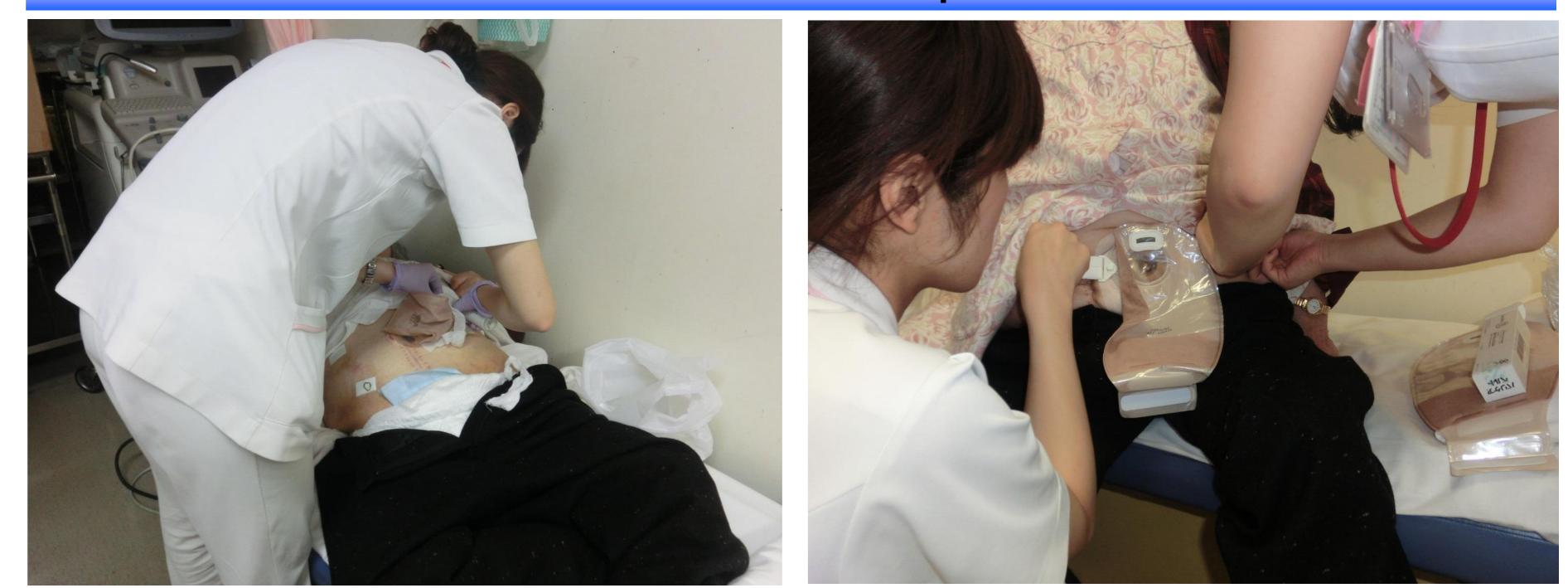
#### Methods

The Zarit Burden Interview (ZBI) is the most widely used index for estimation of caregiverburden in Europe and North America. In Japan, ZBI is modified to a Japanese version (J-ZBI), and commonly used for the same purpose. In total, 408 caregivers of ostomy patients were enrolled in the study, and the questionnaire was conducted based on J-ZBI. Valid responses were obtained from 101 (24.8%) caregivers.

One piece type ALCARE Co., Ltd., Japan

Two piece type ConvaTec, Inc., USA

#### Reattachment of pouch





## Results (Figure 1)

**48%** of caregivers complained of burdens. Main factors causing complaint were (1) physical condition of caregiver, (2) independence of patient, (3) degree of intervention for stoma care, (4) a guilt feeling in troubled case, and

(5) types of ostomy.

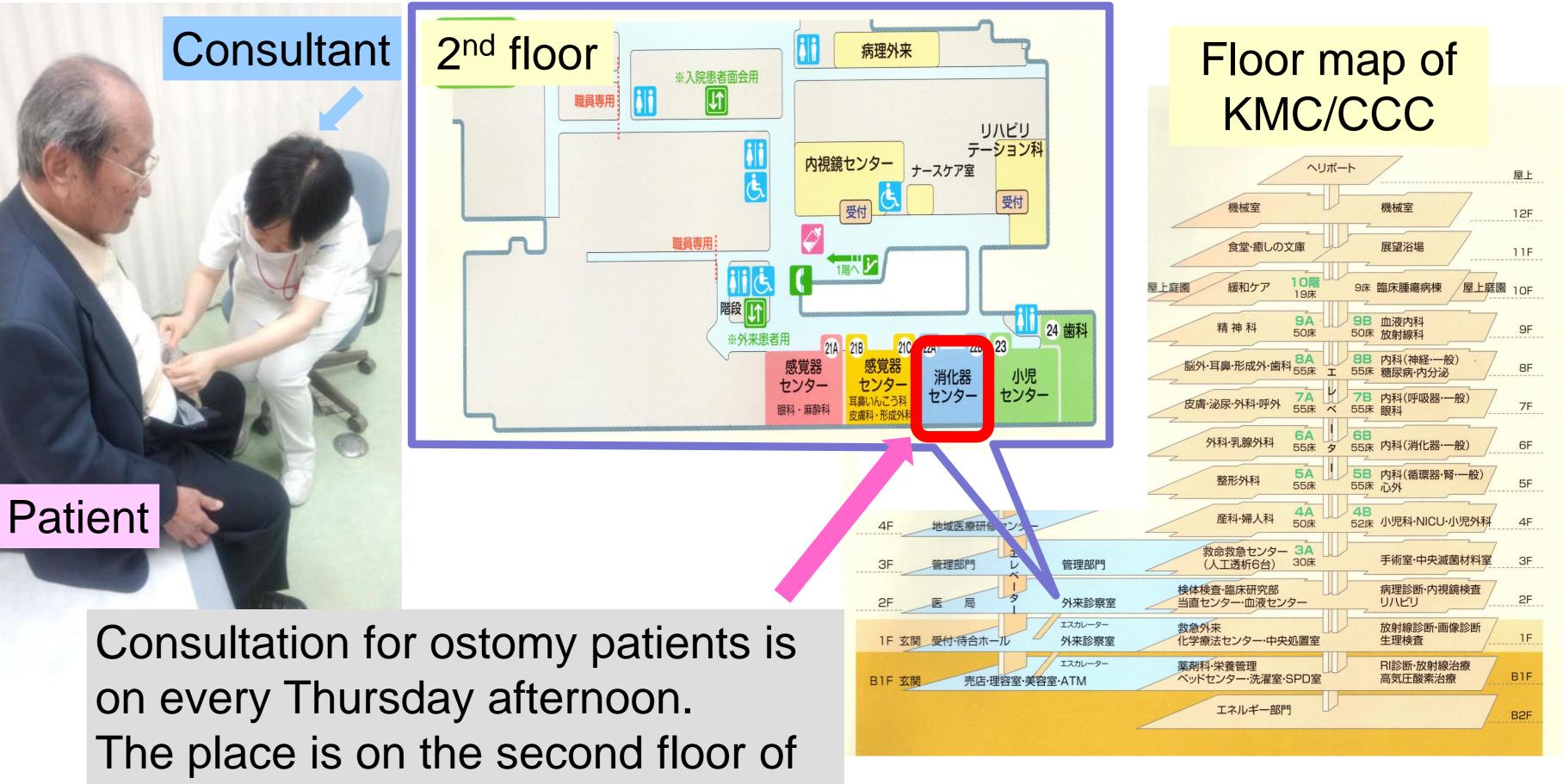
9%

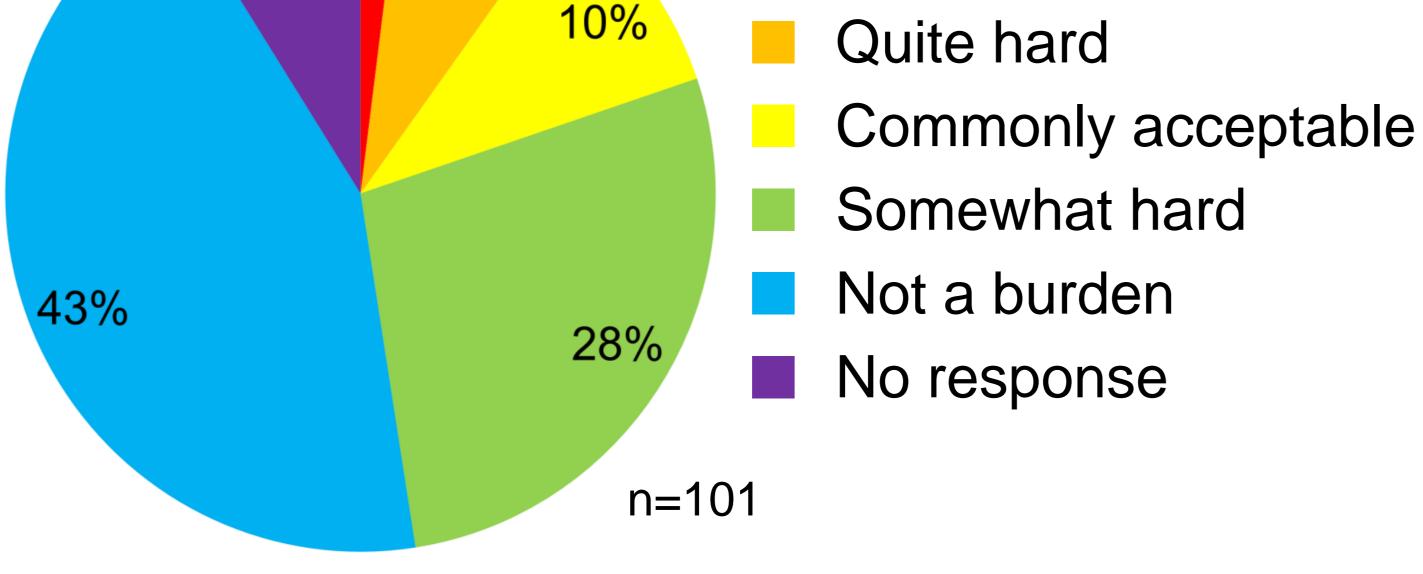
2%

8%

outpatient wing.

### **Consultation for ostomy patients**





#### Figure 1. Levels of caregiver burdens

Extremely heavy



Staff of General Surgery 6A Ward



Staff of **Ostomy Consultation** 

DKMCCCC